## Differential Geometry - 1st Semester 2011/12 Ficha 6 (due Wednesday December 14)

- 1) Let  $\xi = (\pi, E, M)$  be a real vector bundle of rank r with a connection  $\nabla$ . Let  $\{s_a\}$  and  $\{s'_a\}$  denote two local frames that are related by a matrix  $A \in C^{\infty}(U_{\alpha}, GL(r))$  in a trivializing chart  $(U_{\alpha}, \phi_{\alpha})$ , i.e.  $s'_a = A^b{}_a s_b$ .
- a) Show that the associated connection one-forms  $\omega$  and  $\omega'$  are related by

$$\omega' = A^{-1} \omega A + A^{-1} dA$$
.

b) Show that the associated 2-form curvatures  $\Omega$  and  $\Omega'$  are related by

$$\Omega' = A^{-1} \Omega A .$$

- 2) Given two real vector bundles  $\xi = (\pi, E, M)$  and  $\eta = (\tau, F, M)$ , show that there exists a vector bundle Hom(E, F) whose fibers are spaces of homomorphisms  $Hom(E_p, F_p)$   $(p \in M)$ . Determine the transition functions of Hom(E, F) in terms of the transition functions of  $\xi$  and  $\eta$ . Show that there is a bundle isomorphism  $Hom(E, F) \simeq E^* \otimes F$ .
- 3) Consider the complex line bundle  $\xi = (\pi, \mathbb{CP}^2 \setminus \{[0, 0, 1]\}, \mathbb{CP}^1)$ , where  $\pi([z, w, t]) = [z, w]$ . ( $\mathbb{CP} = \text{complex projective space}$ ). Take

$$U_1 = \{[z,1] \in \mathbb{CP}^1 : z \in \mathbb{C}\} , \quad \phi_1([z,1,t]) = ([z,1],t) ,$$

$$U_2 = \{[1,w] \in \mathbb{CP}^1 : w \in \mathbb{C}\} , \quad \phi_2([1,w,t]) = ([1,w],t) ,$$

as trivializing charts.

Show that:

a) there exists a cocycle  $g_{21}: U_1 \cap U_2 \to \mathbb{C} \setminus \{0\}$  given by

$$g_{21}([z,1]) = \frac{\bar{z}}{|z|};$$

**b)** for this cocyle, the 1-forms

$$\omega^{1} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{z \, d\bar{z} - \bar{z} \, dz}{1 + |z|^{2}} \quad , \quad \omega^{2} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{w \, d\bar{w} - \bar{w} \, dw}{1 + |w|^{2}}$$

define a connection  $\nabla$  on  $\xi$ ;

c) in  $U_1$ , the curvature 2-form reads

$$\Omega = \frac{dz \wedge d\bar{z}}{(1+|z|^2)^2} \ .$$

4) Consider two complex vector bundles  $E_i$  over M (i = 1, 2). Show that the total Chern class satisfies

$$c(E_1 \oplus E_2) = c(E_1) \cup c(E_2) .$$